

STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State: NEW JERSEY

TRANSFER OF ASSETS

1917(c) The agency provides for the denial of certain Medicaid services by reason of disposal of assets for less than fair market value.

1. Institutionalized individuals may be denied certain Medicaid services upon disposing of assets for less than fair market value on or after the look-back date.

The agency withholds payment to institutionalized individuals for the following services:

Payments based on a level of care in a nursing facility;

Payments based on a nursing facility level of care in a medical institution;

Home and community-based services under a 1915 waiver.

2. Non-institutionalized individuals:

— The agency applies these provisions to the following non-institutionalized eligibility groups. These groups can be no more restrictive than those set forth in section 1905(a) of the Social Security Act:

The agency withholds payment to non-institutionalized individuals for the following services:

Home health services (section 1905(a)(7));

Home and community care for functionally disabled and elderly adults (section 1905(a)(22));

Personal care services furnished to individuals who are not inpatients in certain medical institutions, as recognized under agency law and specified in section 1905(a)(24).

— The following other long-term care services for which medical assistance is otherwise under the agency plan:

OFFICIAL

99-5-MA(NJ)

TN No. 99-5

Supersedes

TN No.

New

Approval Date JUN 23 1999

Effective Date JAN 1 1999

JAN 1 1999

State: NEW JERSEY

TRANSFER OF ASSETS

3. Penalty Date--The beginning date of each penalty period imposed for an uncompensated transfer of assets is:

☒ the first day of the month in which the asset was transferred;

☐ the first day of the month following the month of transfer.

4. Penalty Period - Institutionalized Individuals--

In determining the penalty for an institutionalized individual, the agency uses:

☒ the average monthly cost to a private patient of nursing facility services in the agency;

☐ the average monthly cost to a private patient of nursing facility services in the community in which the individual is institutionalized.

5. Penalty Period - Non-institutionalized Individuals--

The agency imposes a penalty period determined by using the same method as is used for an institutionalized individual, including the use of the average monthly cost of nursing facility services;

☐ imposes a shorter penalty period than would be imposed for institutionalized individuals, as outlined below:

OFFICIAL

99-5-MA(NJ)

TN No. 99-5

Supersedes

TN No. **New**

Approval Date JUN 23 1999 Effective Date JUN 1 1999

State: NEW JERSEY

TRANSFER OF ASSETS

6. Penalty period for amounts of transfer less than cost of nursing facility care--

- a. Where the amounts of the transfer is less than the monthly cost of nursing facility care, the agency:

X does not impose a penalty;

___ imposes a penalty for less than a full month, based on the proportion of the agency's private nursing facility rate that was transferred.

- b. Where an individual makes a series of transfers, each less than the private nursing facility rate for a month, the agency:

x does not impose a penalty;

___ imposes a series of penalties, each for less than a full month.

7. Transfers made so that penalty periods would overlap--
The agency:

X totals the value of all assets transferred to produce a single penalty period;

___ calculates the individual penalty periods and imposes them sequentially.

8. Transfers made so that penalty periods would not overlap--
The agency:

X assigns each transfer its own penalty period;

___ uses the method outlined below:

OFFICIAL

99-5-MA(NJ)

TN No. 99-5

Supersedes

TN No. **New**

Approval Date JUN 23 1999

Effective Date JAN 1 1999

State: NEW JERSEY

TRANSFER OF ASSETS

9. Penalty periods - transfer by a spouse that results in a penalty period for the individual--

(a) The agency apportions any existing penalty period between the spouses using the method outlined below, provided the spouse is eligible for Medicaid. A penalty can be assessed against the spouse, and some portion of the penalty against the individual remains.

(1) If one spouse enters an institution, the penalty period is assessed against the penalized individual. If the other spouse enters an institution, the remaining penalty period is apportioned equally between the two spouses, for the remainder of the penalty period.

(b) If one person is not longer subject to a penalty, the remaining penalty period must be served by the remaining spouse.

10. Treatment of income as an asset--

When income has been transferred as a lump sum, the agency will calculate the penalty period on the lump sum value.

 The agency will impose partial month penalty periods.

When a stream of income or the right to a stream of income has been transferred, the agency will impose a penalty period for each income payment.

 For transfers of individual income payments, the agency will impose partial month penalty periods.

 X For transfers of the right to an income stream, the agency will use the actuarial value of all payments transferred.

 The agency uses an alternate method to calculate penalty periods, as described below:

OFFICIAL

99-5-MA(NJ)

TN No. 99-5

Supersedes **New**
TN No.

Approval Date JUN 23 1999

Effective Date JAN 1 1999

State: NEW JERSEY

TRANSFER OF ASSETS

11. Imposition of a penalty would work an undue hardship--

The agency does not apply the transfer of assets provisions in any case in which the agency determines that such an application would work an undue hardship. The agency will use the following procedures in making undue hardship determinations:

The county welfare agency shall determine when undue hardship exists only in the most extraordinary of circumstances. The process begins with the initial determination followed by an opportunity to rebut the presumption of transfer to qualify, and subsequent due process.

The following criteria will be used to determine whether the agency will not count assets transferred because the penalty would work an undue hardship:

Undue hardship exists if the application of the transfer of assets provision would deprive the individual of medical care, food, clothing, shelter, or other necessities of life or when such deprivation will endanger his or her life or health.

OFFICIAL

99-5-MA(NJ)

TN No. 99-5

Supersede **New**

TN No. 99-5

Approval Date JUN 23 1999

Effective Date JAN 1 1999